## Amendments to the Claims

The listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listing of the claims in this application.

- 1. (currently amended) A thickness shear mode piezoelectric resonator for use in a sensor arrangement for detecting or measuring an analyte in a medium by mass changes, comprising: a quartz crystal plate having a first crystal surface having an edge and a second crystal surface, said first crystal surface comprises a first electrode having a surface area of less than 15 mm<sup>2</sup> and an electrode edge, said second crystal surface comprises a second electrode.
- 2. (previously presented) The resonator of claim 1, wherein the surface area of the first electrode is less than 10mm<sup>2</sup>.
- 3. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the surface area of the first electrode is at least 0.05mm<sup>2</sup>.
- 4. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the surface area of the first electrode is smaller than the first crystal surface.
- 5. (currently amended) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the distance from the first sensing electrode edge to the crystal edge is at least 0.2mm<sup>2</sup>.

the <u>first sensing</u> electrode edge to the crystal edge is at least 0.2mm<sup>2</sup>.

6. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the distance

- 6. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the distance from the sensing electrode edge to the crystal edge is at least 0.2mm<sup>2</sup>.
- 7. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the first electrode has a rectangular-shaped surface, having a first side and a second side.
- 8. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the first crystal surface is provided with a first contacting area connected to the first electrode; and the second crystal surface is provided with a second area connected to the second electrode.
- 9. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the first electrode has a first side and a second side; and the first contacting area is connected to the second side of the first electrode.
- 10. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the first crystal surface and the second crystal surface are flat.
- 11. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the quartz crystal is an inverted mesa.
- 12. (previously presented) The resonator of claim 11, wherein the quartz crystal plate comprises a first recess having a wall and a bottom surface and a first electrode in the first recess; the area of the bottom surface is larger than the first electrode; and the first electrode is arranged in the recess such that there is a distance between the electrode and the recess wall.

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13. (previously presented) The resonator of claim 11, wherein the shortest distance from the electrode to the recess wall is at least 0.01 mm.

Claims 14-22 have been cancelled.

- 23. (previously presented) A method of sensing or measuring, comprising using a thickness shear mode resonator according to claim 1 to sense or measure.
- 24. (previously presented) The method according to claim 23, wherein the resonator is used to sense or measure of liquid samples.
- 25. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 1, wherein the surface area of the first electrode is 1-5 mm<sup>2</sup>.
- 26. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 4, wherein the first electrode has a surface area that is 0.1-90% of the crystal area.
- 27. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 5, wherein the distance from the sensing electrode edge to the crystal edge is at least 1 mm.
- 28. (previously presented) The resonator according to claim 27, wherein the distance from the sensing electrode edge to the crystal edge is at least 2 mm.

  Claims 29-37 have been cancelled.